

# Getting it Right: Defining Acceptance Criteria so there are No Surprises

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# Agenda

- Introduction
- What's in it for you
- Why we chose this standard
- How we write Acceptance Criteria
- Lessons learned

# 3 Components of a Story Card



**User Story**

**Acceptance  
Criteria**

**Rationale**



# Acceptance Criteria



# Our Acceptance Criteria standard



Collaborative approach  
to creating examples  
that prove out  
requirements.



# Our Acceptance Criteria standard



**GIVEN** <an initial context>



**WHEN** <something happens>



**THEN** <observable outcome(s)>

# Example Scenario

**Scenario Outline:** Multi-policy discount for policy holder

*An initial condition ...*

**Given** a drone quote  
And “Other Policy” is Yes

*Something that happens ...*

**When** quote rate is calculated

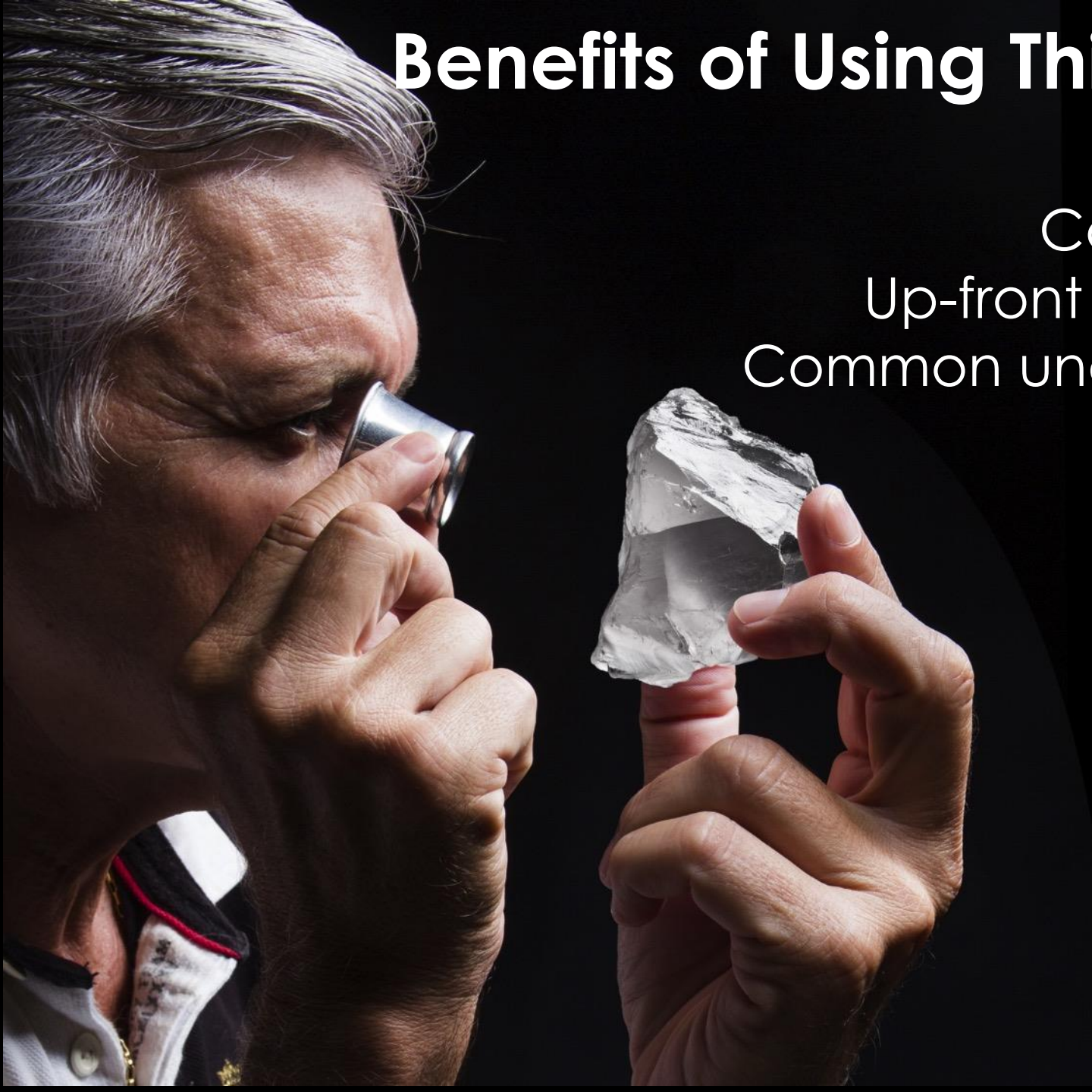
*Observable outcome ...*

**Then** the Multi-Policy Discount is \$25



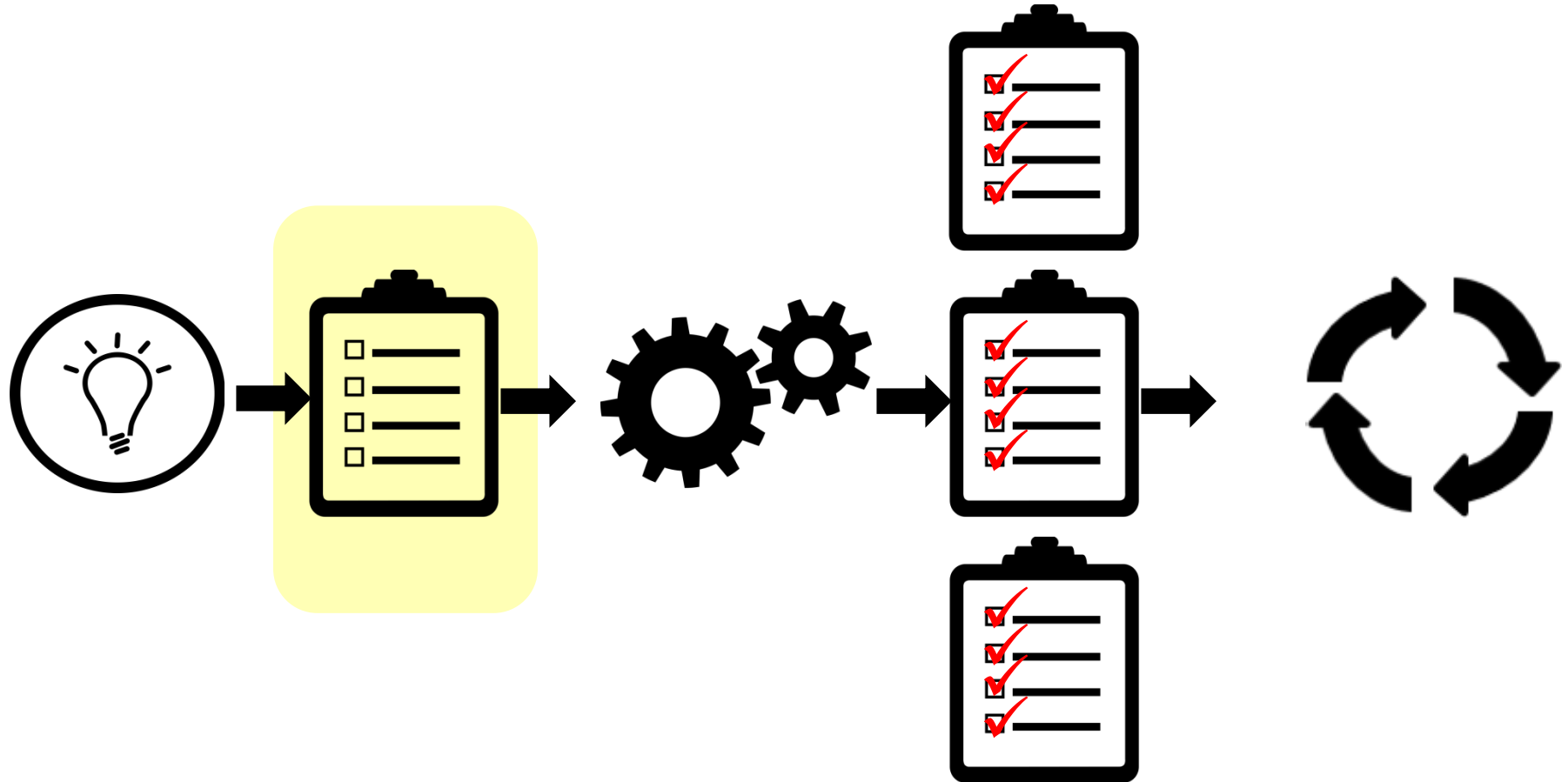
# Benefits of Using This Method

Collaboration  
Up-front questioning  
Common understanding





# Why is this important - the Big Picture



# Writing Acceptance Criteria



# Story Card Format



**User Story:**

**Acceptance Criteria:**

*Context*

*Background*

Scenario

GIVEN

AND ...

WHEN

THEN

AND ...

Scenario

GIVEN

AND ...

WHEN

THEN

AND ...

**Rationale**



# Scenarios

## DOES

- ✓ Include a specific example
- ✓ Specify what the system does
- ✓ Describe the business functionality

## DOES NOT

- ✗ Restate business rules
- ✗ Describe how to use the system
- ✗ Describe software design





# GIVEN

<an initial context>

## DOES

- ✓ Reflect the business intent
- ✓ Describe only the required context for the scenario
- ✓ Express a pre-existing condition
- ✓ Use the 'AND' clause when there is more than one pre-existing condition

## DOES NOT

- ✗ Reflect technical implementation or developer actions
- ✗ Describe more than the required context for the scenario
- ✗ Express an action



# WHEN

<something happens>

## DOES

- ✓ Describe the 'what'
- ✓ Consist of a single action
- ✓ Execute the event or action you are testing

## DOES NOT

- ✗ Describe the 'how'
- ✗ Use the 'AND' clause



# THEN

<observable outcome(s)>

## DOES

- ✓ Describe what the system should do
- ✓ Describe the business result
- ✓ Verify only the outcome relative to the action
- ✓ Use the 'AND' clause when there is more than one observable outcome

## DOES NOT

- ✗ Describe what the user does
- ✗ Describe something part of the implementation



# Set the Right Level of Detail

No magic formula.

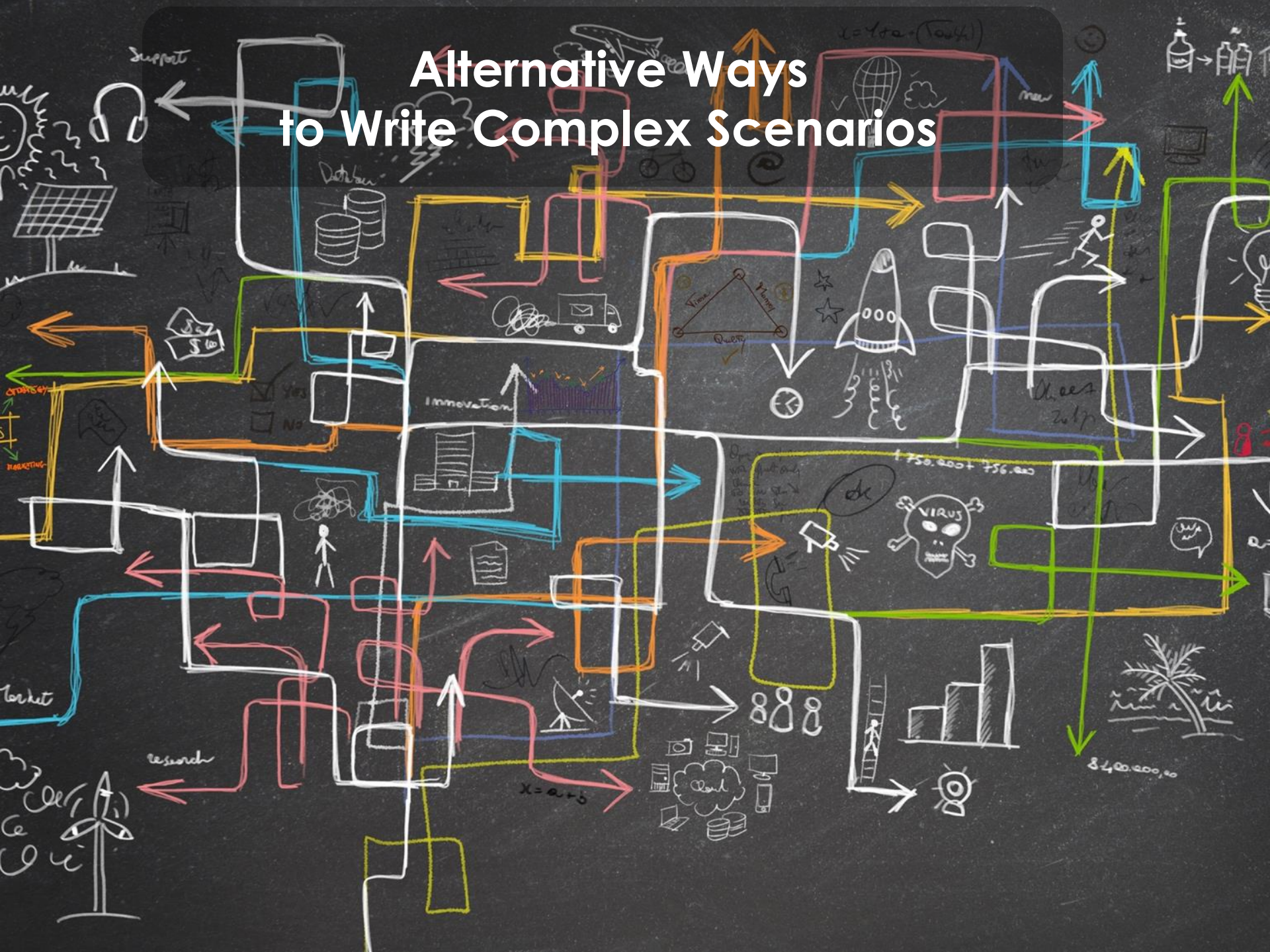
1. Talk to your team.
2. Understand the card.
3. Positive & negative scenarios.
4. Alternate & exception scenarios.
5. Use other places to document what doesn't belong.
6. Pick one example to show with multiple values.

**Think critically & use professional judgment.**





# Alternative Ways to Write Complex Scenarios





# Use AND for Multiple Clauses





**Use  
Tables  
for  
Multiple  
Clauses**



# Use Tables for Multiple Clauses

## Comparing AND with a Table

**Context:** Secret code color is blue on Tuesday.

**Scenario:** Try blue on Tuesday  
**Given** the secret code is *blue*  
  **And** the day is Tuesday  
**When** I guess *blue*  
**Then** I am *right*

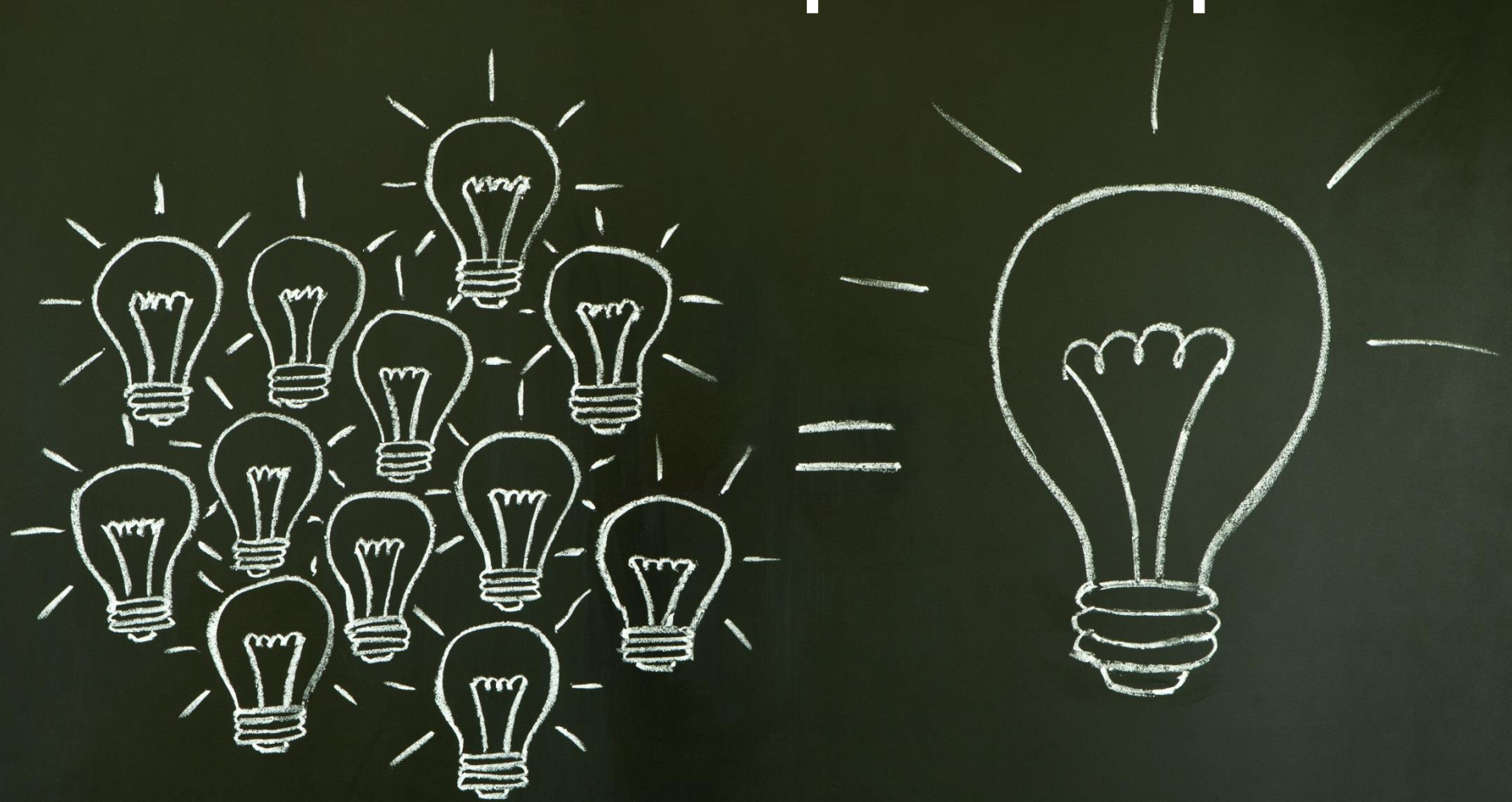
**Scenario:** Try red on Tuesday  
**Given** the secret code is *blue*  
  **And** the day is *Tuesday*  
**When** I guess *red*  
**Then** I am *wrong*

**Scenario:** Try blue on Tuesday  
**Given** the following data  
  | code | day |  
  | *blue* | *Tue* |  
**When** I guess *blue*  
**Then** I am *right*

**Scenario:** Try red on Tuesday  
**Given** the following data  
  | code | day |  
  | *blue* | *Tue* |  
**When** I guess *red*  
**Then** I am *wrong*



# Tables for Multiple Examples



# Scenario Outline

Context:

Secret code color is blue on Tuesdays.

Scenario Outline: Secret code colors

Given the secret code is *<code>*

And the day is *<day>*

When I guess *<guess>*

Then I am *<verdict>*

Examples:

	<i>code</i>		Day		<i>guess</i>		<i>verdict</i>	
	<i>blue</i>		Tue		<i>blue</i>		<i>right</i>	
	<i>red</i>		Tue		<i>blue</i>		<i>wrong</i>	





# Reinforced Concepts





A scenic mountain road with motorcycles and autumn foliage. The road curves through a valley with mountains in the background and trees in shades of orange and yellow in the foreground. Three motorcycles are visible on the road. The sky is filled with soft, white clouds.

# What We've Learned

1

Sequence

2

Shift left

3

Consistency

4

Formatting

5

Collaboration

6

Keep learning

# Advocate to Different Roles

PM



Business,  
Sponsor



Tech  
Lead



Developer



Tester



# References

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