# SYSTEMIC PATHOLOGY

# GOAL OF THE SYSTEMIC PATHOLOGY MODULE

To equip the student with a broad understanding of disease and a basis for rational medical practice.

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

This module aims to provide:

- The relation between general pathology and the dynamic basic sciences; and between systemic/organ pathology and clinical aspects of disease
- The ability to deduce tissue and organ changes from the basic principles of pathological processes
- The ability to recognize certain common types of morphological abnormality by naked eye examination
- The understanding of how a diagnosis is formulated by giving practice in deducing a diagnosis from a description of the morphology
- The ability to work out the clinical symptoms and signs produced by pathological abnormalities
- Some appreciation of the extent and limits of information which can be derived from examination of tissue

#### THEMES

Some of the sub-themes should be considered in conjunction with corresponding modules as indicated in *italics*.

- 1. Overview to Systemic Pathology: A Clinical Perspective
- 2. Cardiovascular System
- 3. White Cells, Lymph Nodes, Spleen and Thymus
- 4. Respiratory System
- 5. Gastrointestinal System
- 6. Liver, Biliary Tract and Pancreas
- 7. Urinary System; Male Reproductive System
- 8. Female Reproductive System
- 9. Endocrine System
- 10. Bones, Joints and Soft Tissue
- 11. Nervous System

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES At the end of this module, the student will be able:		
THEME 1:	OVERVIEW TO SYSTEMIC PATHOLOGY: A CLINICAL PERSPECTIVE	PA/sys/L1
1.1	to appreciate the central role of Pathology in clinical medicine	
1.2	to conceptualize disease as disordered physiology (pathophysiology) as an approach to understanding the pathological mechanisms underlying disease and its clinical manifestations	
1.3	to appreciate how clinical symptoms and signs provide clues to the underlying structural and functional abnormalities which in turn provide a rational basis for treatment	
THEME 2:	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	
2.1 2.2	to appreciate the concept of cardiac failure and peripheral vascular failure (shock) contributing to circulatory failure to diaguage the approach approach and outcome of cardiac	<b>DA</b> /ave/L 2 6: D1:
2.2	to discuss the causes, pathogenesis and outcome of cardiac failure	<b>PA</b> /sys/L2-6; P1; T1 (2hr)
2.3 2.4	to describe the pathology of common cardiac diseases to describe the pathology of common peripheral vascular	
2.5	diseases	Cross refer
2.5	to discuss the epidemiological aspects (frequency, trends, risk factors) and control (primary, secondary and tertiary prevention) of hypertension, coronary heart disease and cerebrovascular disease	PHA/sys/L1-5
THEME 3:	WHITE CELLS, LYMPH NODES, SPLEEN & THYMUS	
3.1	to appreciate that disorders of white cells may be classified into: (a) proliferations ( reactive or neoplastic) and	<b>PA</b> /sys/L7-8; P2; T2 (2 hr)
3.2	(b) leukopenias to discuss briefly the reactive (inflammatory) proliferations of white cells and lymph nodes: leukocytosis and acute and chronic non-specific lymphadenitis	<i>Cross refer</i> Haematopathology module (M3-M4)
3.3	<ul><li>to explain the relationship and to compare and contrast between the various forms of neoplastic proliferations of white cells:</li><li>(a) lymphoid neoplasms (leukaemias, lymphomas);</li><li>(b) myeloid neoplasms (acute myelogenous leukaemia,</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>myeloproliferative syndromes, chronic myeloproliferative disorders);</li><li>(c) histiocytoses (Langerhans Cell Histiocytosis)</li></ul>	

3.4	to describe the basic pathology of Hodgkin's disease and non- Hodgkin's lymphoma	
3.5 3.6	to list the common causes of splenomegaly to list the common tumours that can occur in the thymus; and to appreciate the clinicopathological significance of thymomas	
THEME 4:	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	<b>PA</b> /sys/L9-12; P3; T3 (2 hr)
4.1	to explain the pathophysiology of respiratory failure in terms of alveolar hypoventilation and ventilation-perfusion	
4.2	mismatch to describe the pathology of common diseases that may affect the airways	Cross refer <b>PHA</b> /sys/L
4.3	to describe the pathology of common diseases that may cause impaired diffusion/parenchymal restriction	
4.4	to name the common tumours arising in the lung and to describe the pathology of primary lung cancer	
4.5	to list the common conditions of the pleura and describe their key pathological features	
THEME 5:	GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM	<b>PA</b> /sys/L13-16;P4; T4 (2 hr)
5.1	to appreciate the common clinical presentations of gastrointestinal disease with respect to selected common conditions	Cross refer
5.2	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the oral cavity and salivary glands	PHA/sys/L
5.3	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the oesophagus	
5.4	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the stomach	
5.5	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the small and large intestines	
THEME 6:	LIVER, BILIARY TRACT AND PANCREAS	<b>PA/sy</b> s/L17-20;P5; T5 (2 hr)
6.1	to appreciate the pathophysiology of syndromes of aberrant function in liver disease in terms of hepatocyte dysfunction,	
6.2	portal-to-systemic shunting or both to describe the pathology of common diseases causing cholestasis	
6.3	to describe the pathology of common diseases causing acute hepatitis and fulminant hepatic failure	
6.4	to describe the pathology of common diseases causing chronic hepatitis and cirrhosis	
6.5	to describe the pathology of focal or extrinsic diseases with variable manifestations in the liver	
6.6	to distinguish the pathology of space-occupying lesions in the liver	
6.7	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the pancreas (excluding diabetes mellitus)	

THEME 7:	URINARY SYSTEM; MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	<b>PA/sy</b> s/L21-24; P6; T6 (2 hr)
7.1	to discuss the pathophysiology of renal disease in terms of site of lesion and nature of pathogenetic mechanism	
7.2	to describe the pathology of common prerenal causes of renal disease	
7.3	to describe the pathology of common intrarenal conditions	
7.4	to describe the pathology of common postrenal causes of renal disease	
7.5	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the male reproductive system with particular reference to the prostate	
THEME 8:	BREAST; FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	<b>PA/sys</b> /L25-27; P7-8; T7 (2 hr)
8.1	to distinguish the pathology of non-neoplastic breast conditions in terms of their possible confusion clinically with cancer	
8.2	to describe the pathology of breast cancer	
8.3	to discuss the pathophysiology of common female reproductive tract disorder in terms of menstrual disorders and infertility	
8.4	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the female genital tract	Cross refer
8.5	to describe the pathology of gestational trophoblastic disease	PHA/sys/L
THEME 9:	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	<b>PA</b> /sys/L28-32; P9; T8 (2 hr)
9.1	to discuss the pathophysiology of thyroid dysfunction in terms of hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism, goitre, thyroid nodule, and abnormal thyroid function tests in a clinically euthyroid patient	
9.2	to describe the pathology of common diseases causing the various states of thyroid dysfunction listed in 9.1	
9.3	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the hypothalamus-pituitary gland	
9.4	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the parathyroid glands; and calcium metabolism	
9.5	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the adrenal glands	Cross refer
9.6	<ul> <li>to discuss diabetes mellitus in terms of</li> <li>(i) the basic pathophysiological and clinical concept as a chronic metabolic disease</li> </ul>	PHA/sys/L
	(ii) pathogenesis and chronic complications	
	(iii) epidemiology	
	(iv) treatment	1

THEME 10:	BONES, JOINTS AND SOFT TISSUE	<b>PA/</b> sys/L33-34; T9 (2 hr)
10.1	to categorize the spectrum of bone disorders according to	
10.2	their perceived biologic effects to describe the pathology of common diseases associated with abnormal matrix, osteoclastic dysfunction and abnormal mineral homeostasis	
10.3	to describe the pathology of fractures	
10.4	to describe the pathology of osteonecrosis (avascular necrosis)	
10.5	to describe the pathology of infections	
10.6	to describe the pathology of common diseases of the joints	
10.7	to describe the pathology of common tumours and tumour- like lesions of bone, joints and soft tissue	

# THEME 11: NERVOUS SYSTEM

Cross refer NS module

# **IMPORTANT NOTE**

Students should refer to the MEDnet for details on the following:

- (a) Overviews
- (b) Content
- (c) Lecture outlines
- (d) Practical classes
- (e) Tutorials
- (f) Study aids (review questions)

Gsl/C:/M2/24Dec99