GEOMETRICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE SECOND DERIVATIVE – WORKSHEET

COURSE/LEVEL

NSW Secondary High School Year 12 HSC Mathematics. Syllabus reference: 10.4.

- 1. (a) Sketch the graph of a function which is:
 - (i) increasing with an increasing gradient,
 - (ii) increasing with a decreasing gradient,
 - (iii) decreasing with an increasing gradient,
 - (iv) decreasing with a decreasing gradient.
 - (b) For each function in 1(a) state whether the function:
 - (i) is concave up, concave down or neither,
 - (ii) has a positive or negative first derivative,
 - (iii) has a positive or negative second derivative.
- 2. Draw a sketch of the function y = f(x) where, for all x in its domain,
 - (i) f''(x) > 0,
 - (ii) f''(x) < 0,
 - (iii) f'(x) > 0 and f''(x) > 0,
 - (iv) f'(x) > 0 and f''(x) < 0,
 - (v) f'(x) < 0 and f''(x) > 0,
 - (vi) f'(x) < 0 and f''(x) < 0,
 - (vii) f(x) > 0, f'(x) > 0 and f''(x) > 0,
 - (viii) f(x) > 0, f'(x) > 0 and f''(x) < 0,
 - (ix) f(x) < 0, f'(x) < 0 and f''(x) > 0,
 - (x) f(x) < 0, f'(x) < 0 and f''(x) < 0.
- 3. Draw sketches of the following functions y = f(x) where $0 \le x \le 4$.
 - (i) f''(x) > 0 for $0 \le x < 2$ and f''(x) < 0 for $2 < x \le 4$. What do you think is the value of the second derivative at x = 2?
 - (ii) f''(x) < 0 for $0 \le x < 2$ and f''(x) > 0 for $2 < x \le 4$. What do you think is the value of the second derivative at x = 2?
 - (iii) f''(x) > 0 for $0 \le x \le 4$ and f'(2) = 0.
 - (iv) f''(x) < 0 for $0 \le x \le 4$ and f'(2) = 0.

- 4. Classify the stationary points where x = 2 for the functions in 3(iii) and 3(iv). Could these functions have more than one stationary point?
- 5. Can you draw the graph of a function that is concave up at a maximum turning point? What about a function that is concave down at a maximum turning point?
- 6. (i) The graph of a function y = f(x) is concave up for all x and has one stationary point at x = a (where a is some number). What sort of stationary point is this point? What can you say about the sign of f''(x)?
 - (ii) The graph of a function y = f(x) is concave down for all x and has one stationary point at x = a (where a is some number). What sort of stationary point is this point? What can you say about the sign of f''(x)?
- 7. (i) Is the second derivative of a function positive or negative at a minimum turning point? Is this true for all minimum turning points?
 - (ii) Is the second derivative of a function positive or negative at a maximum turning point? Is this true for all maximum turning points?
- 8. Use your answers to Question 7 to describe how you would determine the nature of a turning point (that is, whether it is a maximum or minimum turning point).