

# JavaScript Classes

## JavaScript Class Syntax

Use the keyword `class` to create a class.

Always add a method named `constructor()`:

### Syntax

```
class ClassName  
{  
    constructor()  
}  
...  
}
```

Constructor Example :- save file name example1.html :-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
<body>  
<h1>JavaScript Classes</h1>  
<p>Creating two car objects from a car class:</p>
```

```
<p id="demo"></p>
```

```
<script>
```

```

class Car {

constructor(name, year) {
    this.name = name;
    this.year = year;
}

}

const myCar1 = new Car("Ford", 2014);
const myCar2 = new Car("Audi", 2019);

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =
myCar1.name + " " + myCar2.name;

</script>

</body>
</html>

```

Output:-

## JavaScript Classes

Creating two car objects from a car class:

Ford Audi

The example above uses the **Car class** to create two **Car objects**.

The constructor method is called automatically when a new object is created.

# The Constructor Method

The constructor method is a special method:

- It has to have the exact name "constructor"
- It is executed automatically when a new object is created
- It is used to initialize object properties

If you do not define a constructor method, JavaScript will add an empty constructor method.

## Class Methods

Class methods are created with the same syntax as object methods.

Use the keyword class to create a class.

Always add a constructor() method.

Then add any number of methods.

## Syntax

```
class ClassName {  
    constructor() { ... }  
    method_1() { ... }  
    method_2() { ... }  
    method_3() { ... }  
}
```

Create a Class method named "age", that returns the Car age:

## Example:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>
<body>
<h1>JavaScript Class Methods</h1>
<p>How to define and use a Class method.</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
class Car {
    constructor(name, year) {
        this.name = name;
        this.year = year;
    }
    age() {
        const date = new Date();
        return date.getFullYear() - this.year;
    }
}

const myCar = new Car("Ford", 2014);
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =
"My car is " + myCar.age() + " years old.";
```

```
</script>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Output:-

## JavaScript Class Methods

How to define and use a Class method.

My car is 9 years old.

You can send parameters to Class methods:-

### Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>
<body>
<h1>JavaScript Class Method</h1>
<p>Pass a parameter into the "age()" method.</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
class Car {
  constructor(name, year) {
    this.name = name;
    this.year = year;
  }
  age() {
    return this.year - 1970;
  }
}
const myCar = new Car("BMW", 2018);
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = myCar.age();
</script>
```

```

}

age(x) {
    return x - this.year;
}

}

const date = new Date();
let year = date.getFullYear();

const myCar = new Car("Ford", 2014);
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML=
"My car is " + myCar.age(year) + " years old.";
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

Output:-

## JavaScript Class Method

Pass a parameter into the "age()" method.

My car is 9 years old.